$M\underline{A}THS$:

1.	If $10(2x-8) = 2$	0, then what is	the value of ($(3x^2-1)$?		
	a. 11/3	b. 0	c. 74	d. 1/3	e1/3	
2.	If $a + b = 8$ and	1 a - b = 8, the	$a^3 - b^3 =$			
	a. 512	b. 64	c. 36	d. 89	e. 0	
3.	If 50 percent of	f a number is 60	0, then 2 perc	ent of that nu	mber is	
	a. 25	b.150	c.2.4	d.100	e. 400	
4.	What is the val	ue of (- <i>i</i>)?				
	a. 1 b. √	-1 c. 0	d.	-√-1 e.2		
5.	The volume of	sphere is				
a. 2	2∏rL	b. (4/3) ∏r ²	c.	$\prod r^2$	d. $(3/4) \prod r^3$ e. [$\mathrm{Tr}^2 h$
6.	If x and y are value of y?	integers such t	that $y^3 = x^2$,	which of the	following could 1	NOT be the
	a. 0 b. 1	c. 2	d.	-1	e. 27	
7.	Two vectors, perpendicular t				ate system such	that A is
	A B C D	A.B Ax scalar scal vector vector scalar vector vector scal	ar tor			
8.	If point A (5,6)	lies on the line	e v = 6x + c. v	what is the val	lue of c?	
	a. 19	b. 19/4		-17/4	d.1/5	e24
9.		= sinAcosl	B + cosAsinB	}		
	a. cos (A+B)	 b. sin (A+E		sin (A-B)	d. cos (A-I	3) e. 0
10.	What is the pr Assuming that	•	-		when I throw a	
	a. 0.80	b. 0	c. 0.028	(d.0.16 e. 1	
		P	HYSICS:			
	•	n due to gravity	, ,	•	es his hand at 30m he time taken by t	

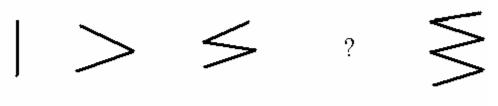
a) 3b) 6

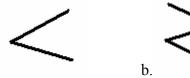
- c) 12
- d) 24
- 2. Light enters a denser medium (glass) from a rarer medium (air). It will:
 - a) Reflect back assuming angle of incidence is less than the critical angle
 - b) Bend towards the normal
 - c) Bend away from the normal
 - d) Go straight through
- 3. A current of 5mA passes through a 2M Ω purely resistive load. The load dissipates:
 - a) 50W
 - b) 10kW
 - c) 50mW
 - d) 10mW
- 4. An object weighs 98N on Earth and I know that the gravity of moon is 1/6 of that on Earth. What would be its **mass** on the Moon?
 - a) 10kg
 - b) 60kg
 - c) 1.66kg
 - d) 98kg
- 5. The cross product of 2 vectors produces:
 - a) Vector acting parallel to the first vector
 - b) Vector mutually perpendicular to both the constituent vectors
 - c) Scalar equal to their product
 - d) Scalar equal to the sum of the two constituent vectors
- 6. If 3 resistors are connected in parallel:
 - a) The resistance will be smaller than the smallest individual resistances
 - b) The resistance will be somewhere in between the individual resistances
 - c) The resistance will be larger than the largest individual resistances
 - d) Information given is not enough to determine the effective resistance
- 7. An object weighing 10N and the other weighing 50N are dropped from a tall building. Which would reach the ground first?
 - a) 10N weight
 - b) 50N weight
 - c) Both at the same time
 - d) Neither
- 8. Kinetic energy is the energy possessed by an object due to its
 - a) Position
 - b) Velocity
 - c) Acceleration
 - d) Shape
- 9. Transformer principle is applicable on
 - a) Alternating Current (AC) only
 - b) Direct Current (DC) only
 - c) Both AC and DC

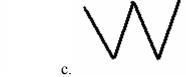
d) Neither AC nor DC 10. In the equation E=mc² as proportion and c stand for a) mass defect and speed b) mass defect and crystance magnetic flux and speed d) magnetic flux and crystance.	of light I frequency ed of light	n.			
(<u>H</u> EMISTRY	7.			
1) What is the symbol of Gold					
a) Au b) Go	c)Or	d)Cr			
2) The molecular formula of Ben	zene is				
a) CH4 b) C2H	4 c) C2H3	d) C6H6			
3) The first period of periodic tab	le contains	el	ements.		
3) The first period of periodic tab a) 1 b) 2	c) 8	4) 18			
4) Sodium bicarbonate is general	y known as	,			
4) Sodium bicarbonate is general a) Baking soda b) Was	hing soda	c) Caustic soda	d) Limestone.		
5) The unit of viscosity is	\mathcal{E}	,	,		
5) The unit of viscosity is b) Dyn	e/cm c) Joule	d) Ampere			
6)Evaporation is a	process.	, 1			
6)Evaporation is a a) Chemical b) Natu	ral c) Cooli	ng d) None of	these		
7) The process in which many sm	all molecules ic	oin together to form	n large molecule is		
called	_	_	_		
a) Cracking b) Poly	merization o	c) Isomerism	d) Alkylation		
8) Urea is a kind off	ertilizer.	,	, ,		
a) Nitrogenous b) Potassi	c c) Phosphatic	d) None of these.			
9) The atomic number of carbon is					
a) 6 b) 12 c) 18	d) 24	_ *			
a) 6 b) 12 c) 18 d) 24 10) Cathode rays carry charge.					
a) +ve b) -ve c) Neutral d) None of these					
,	ENGLISH:				
1. He the room.	<u>Lit</u> GLISII.				
a) did not leave					
b) did not left					
c) had leave					
d) had leaving					
2. Can you speak a little louder?					
a) Me cannot hear you					
b) I cannot hear you					
c) I hearing you					
d) I cannot heard you					
3. He gone home since	т				
	lanijary				
a) has not	January.				
a) has not	January.				
b) did not	January.				
	January.				

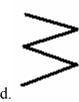
4.	you ever been sick?
	a) Have
	b) Has
	c) Did
	d) Does
5.	Last year he that problem all by himself.
	a) Solves
	b) Had solved
	c) does solve
	d) did solved
6.	Where the whole weekend.
	a) Have you been
	b) Has you been
	c) Did you be
	d) Did you been
7.	Choose the correct response.
	Who is my brother's daughter?
	a) My niece.
	b) My nephew.
	c) My sister in law
_	d) My chauffeur.
8.	He causing a lot of trouble lately.
	a) Has been
	b) Had been
	c) Has being
0	d) Had being
9.	&
	a) has had
	b) did had
	c) does have
10	d) have had
10.	
	See
	Have been seeing
c)	Saw Haya baan gayying
a)	Have been sawing
	I <u>Q</u> :
1.	3:9 and 5:25, then ?: 49.
	a.14 b.12 c.7 d.6
2.	Write the missing number.
	35, 33, 30, 26, ?, 15
	a. 23 b. 21 c.20 d.18
3.	A "Palindrome" is a number, such as 93539, which reads the same forward and
	backward. How many palindromes are there between 100 and 1000?
	a. 10 b.100 c.81 d.90

4.Find the missing shape.









a.

5.Find the missing number.

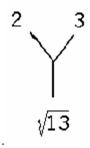
a. 8 b. 7

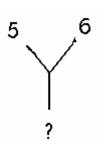
c. 9

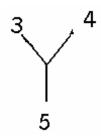
d. 11

e. 10

6.Find the missing number.







a.25

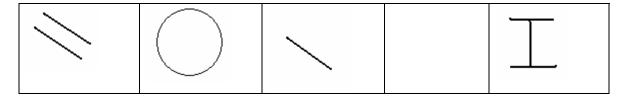
 $b.\ \sqrt{61}$

c. 11

d.30

7. Find the missing figure





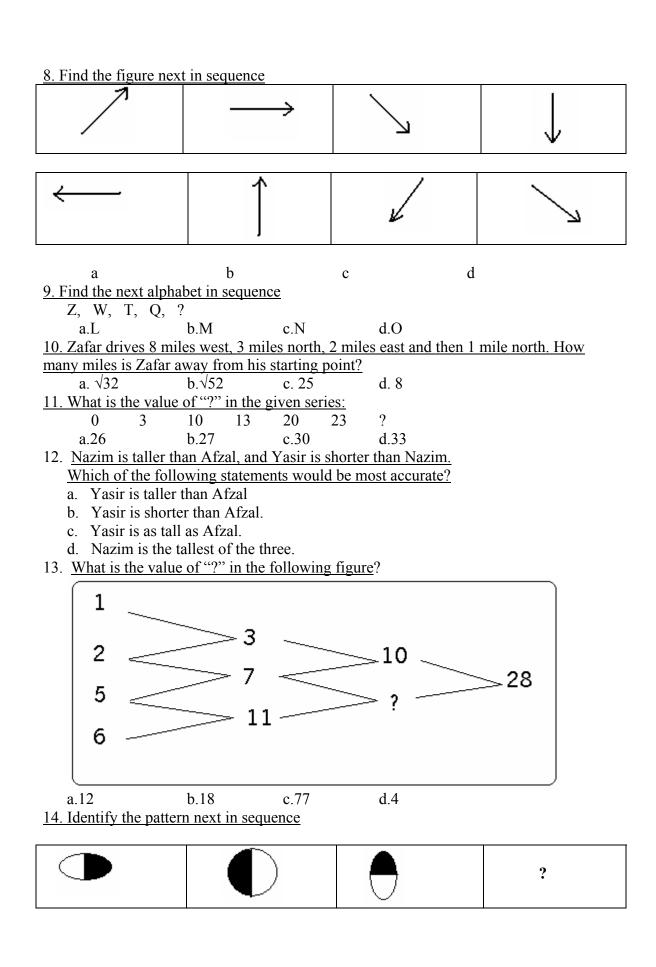
a.

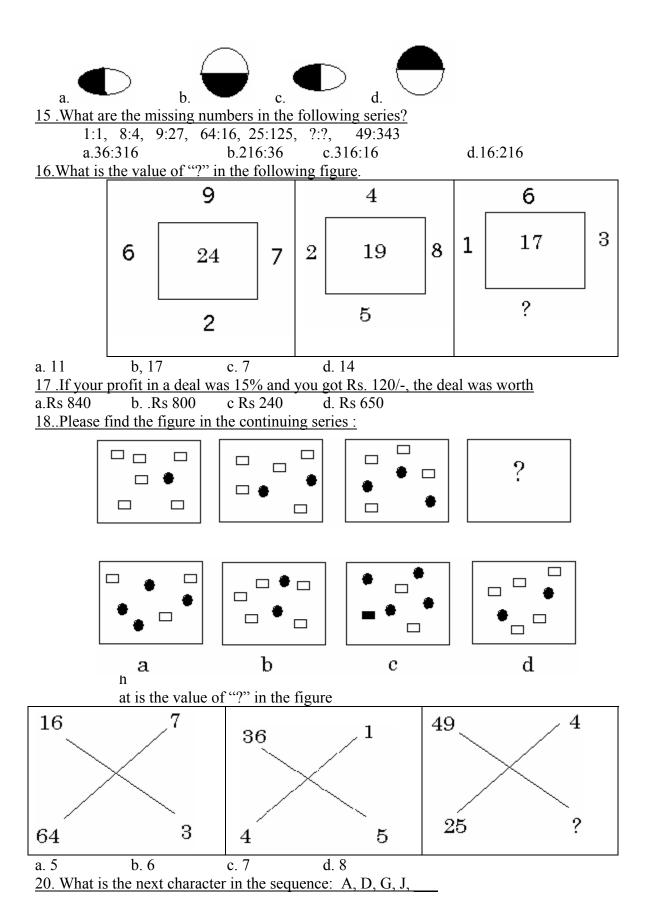
b.

c.

d.

e.





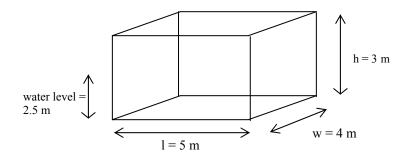
ELECTRICAL TRADE:

Q1: Ohm Law states that:	
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- A. E=IR
- B. V=ZR
- C. P=VI
- D. I=VR
- Q2: Insulation of electrical wires, motor windings etc is measured by:
 - A. Ammeter
 - B. Voltmeter
 - C. Megger
 - D. Multi-Meter
- Q3: Unit of potential difference is:
 - A. Ohms
 - B. Watts
 - C. Volts
 - D. Amperes
- Q4: The device that transforms one voltage level to another is known as:
 - A. Generator
 - B. Motor
 - C. Transformer
 - D. Transducer
- Q5: A 2-pole, 50 Hz Generator will run at:
 - A. 100 RPM
 - B. 300 RPM
 - C. 3000 RPM
 - D. 3500 RPM
- Q6: The device which can store electrical charge is called:
 - A. Inductor
 - B. Capacitor
 - C. Conductor
 - D. Resistor
- Q7: 1 horse-power equals:
 - A. 756 Watts
 - B. 746 Watts
 - C. 736 Watts
 - D. 726 Watts
- Q8: A motor which runs on constant speed is called:
 - A. Induction motor
 - B. Synchronous motor
 - C. Servo motor
- Q9: A Transformer whose secondary voltage is greater than its primary voltage is a:
 - A. Auto-Transformer
 - B. Step-up Transformer
 - C. Step-down Transformer

 INSTRUMENTS TRADE 1. Thermocouple works on the principle that: a. The electrical resistance of a conductor changes as its temperature varies. b. Metals expand when heated c. When heat is applied on a junction of 2 dissimilar metals, an EMF is produced which can be measured at the other junction. d. Heating or cooling is produced when EMF is generated at the junction of two dissimilar conductors. 2. When the pressure at the inlet of a bourdon tube increases, the Bourdon tube a. heats up b. contracts c. uncoils 	D. Power Transformer Q10: An induction motor has starting torque? A. High B. Low C. No			
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b. contracts c. uncoils				
c. uncoils	•			
d. explodes e. coils	•			
3. The output of most electronic transmitters is				
a. 3-15 psigb. 3-15 mA	• •			
c. 4-20 mA d. 1-5 V				
a. 1-3 v e. 4-20 mV				
4. In a series circuit consisting of 3 resistors of 45 Ω each and a 50-V source, what is	 4. In a series circuit consisting of 3 resistors of 45 Ω each and a 50-V source, what is the approximate amount of heat produced? a. 16.6 W b. 18.5 W c. 135 W d. 150 W 5. Young's modulus of Elasticity "E" is: a. Stress/Gauge Factor b. Stress/ Strain c. Gauge factor/ Conductor Length d. Gauge Factor/ Gauge Resistance 			
<u>called</u>	called			
	a. Attenuationb. Accuracy			

- c. Calibration
- d. Hunting
- 7. Which of the following is an appropriate use for a voltmeter?
 - a. To measure difference of potential
 - b. To measure current flow
 - c. To determine total resistance
 - d. To determine power output
- 8. What is the pressure at the base of a tank containing water? Use the following figure. (Density of water = 1000 kg/m^3)



- a. 1250 Pa
- b. 1500 Pa
- c. 30000 Pa
- d. 24500 Pa

- 9. Which of the following is **NOT** a sensor?
 - a. RTD
 - b. tachometer
 - c. micro switch
 - d. LED
- 10. Suppose we wish to measure the tendency of a fluid to resist the forces of deformation or the tendency of a fluid to flow. We would:
 - a. Measure its Specific Gravity
 - b.Measure its fluid Velocity
 - c.check how compressible it is
 - d. Measure its Viscosity